

# Remotely crashing HLR

Why it took telecom industry 20 years to recognize the problems with SS7

Philippe Langlois, P1 Security



## Intro

- Philippe Langlois
  - Founder of Qualys, Worldnet, TSTF, WaveSecurity,
     Non-Linear Group, Immunap, P1 Security
- Entrepreneur, Security, Networking
  - Since 1987 in security
  - Since 1993 starting companies
- Niche products, Blue ocean strategy





www.guardian.co.uk/technology/2012/jul/12/o2-outage-turn-off-3g-data







### News > Technology > Telecoms

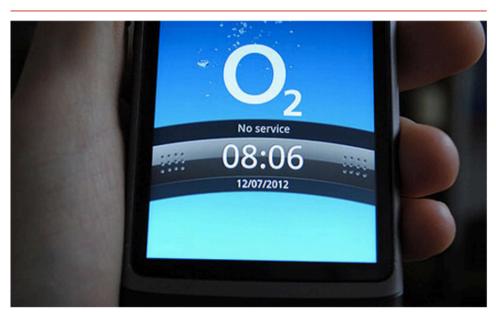
### O2 network 'fully restored' after 24hour blackout

Mobile network apologises, telling its users to turn phone on and off again if they are still having problems

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Josh Halliday and David Batty

quardian.co.uk, Thursday 12 July 2012 14,19 BST



Hundreds of thousands of O2 customers were unable to use their mobile phones after the operator's network crashed. Photograph: Andy Hepburn/PA

O2 has said its mobile network is now fully restored after a 24-hour blackout left hundreds of thousands of its customers unable to receive calls or text



**■** < **g** 

#### Technology

Telecoms · Mobile phones

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Telecommunications industry

#### UK news

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#### More on this story



O2 apologises over 'embarrassing' network problems Mobile operator likely to have to pay

compensation to the

## Guardian **Professional** Networks

#### Media network

#### Obama-Romney debate: can social media widen the gap?

As both candidates struggle to offer more meaning and voters turn to more traditional communications. can social media widen the gap for Obama?

#### Media network

### Working an Entire Year Using Only a Smartphone

SAP, Samsung Mobile, Palador and The Guardian team up to launch mobile-only content series

More from our Media network

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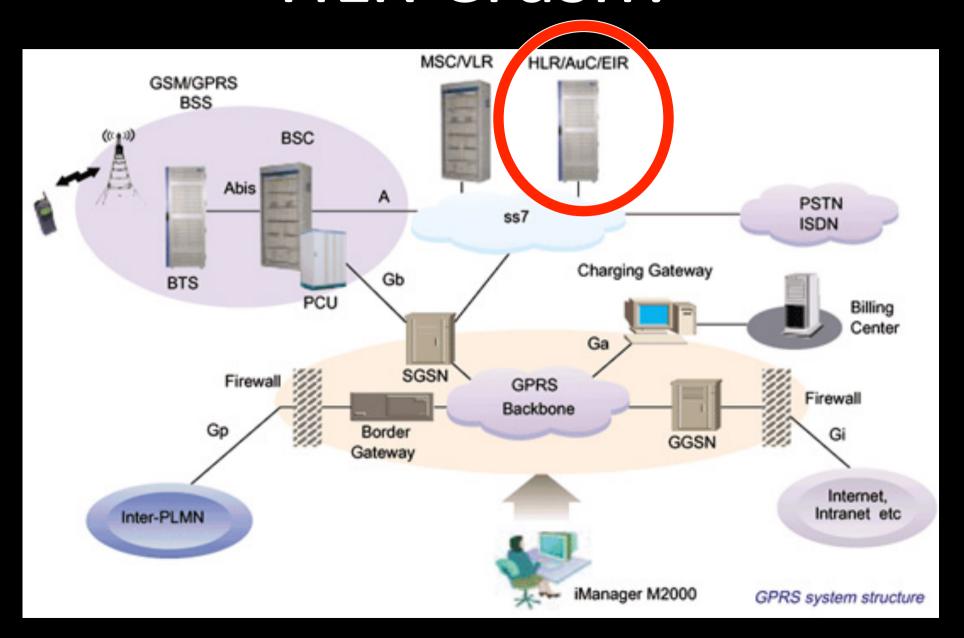
Last 24 hours



1. iPad mini unveiled by Apple - video

# HLR Crash?







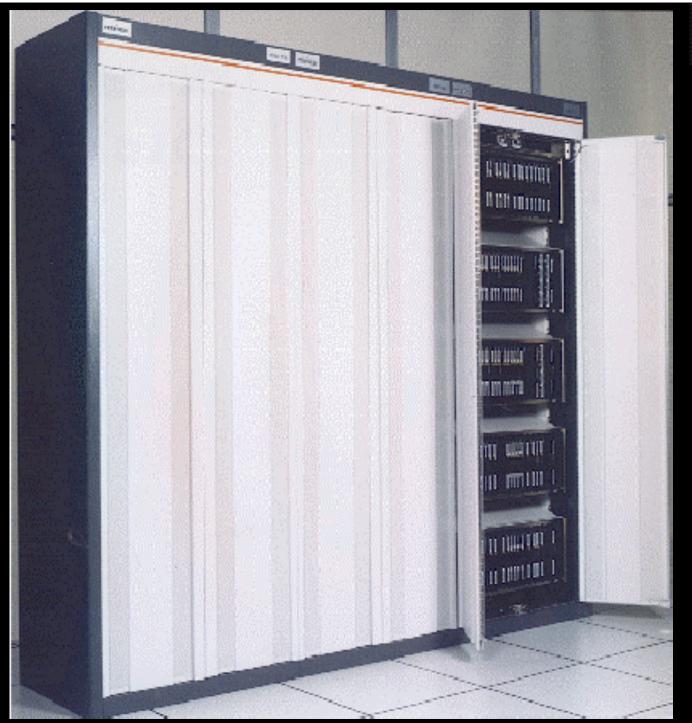
# HLR Crashes impact

- O2 (UK)
  - Network Downtime for 1 day, instability for 2 days
- Orange (FR)
  - Network Downtime for nearly 1 day this summer (2012)
- And these were not even due to attacks
- Most often
  - New equipment or feature deployed in network
  - Protocol incompatibilities causes software instability



# HLR Crash Symptoms

- "When receiving traffic, all cluster nodes started to become unresponsive, one after another, eventually knocking off all 12 cluster nodes"
- Solaris Cluster nodes
  - 128 Gb RAM
  - High end SUN server
  - SAN connected
- Running full load balanced, distributed HLR software





## Explicit Lyrics<sup>^</sup>W Logs



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     destination: INAP:CM2. Unknown GroupID:2-
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     01006fff60-> c8 a7 97 81 d0 le 23 dc 38 99 5f 61 fe 85 02 03 ...$..U.e.....
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     01006fff70-> 01 00 01 a3 81 b4 30 81 b1 30 0e 06 03 55 1d 0f $.P.p.....
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     01006fff80-> 01 01 ff 04 04 03 02 01 86 30 16 06 03 55 1d 25 u....2.2..X.....
     01006fff90-> 01 01 ff 04 0c 30 0a 06 08 2b 06 01 05 05 07 03 3....4......$`
21
     01006fffa0-> 03 30 0f 06 03 55 1d 13  01 01 ff 04 05 30 03 01  .....2. .%"..5
     01006fffb0-> 01 ff 30 1d 06 03 55 1d 0e 04 16 04 14 8e 69 a6 .....6.L/.[..7..-
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     01006fffc0-> c4 77 42 4e 04 a5 56 42 9c 51 1f 86 da d2 20 8f $.P.p..9....pAOC
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     , SEND NOK: 13: No more free buffer
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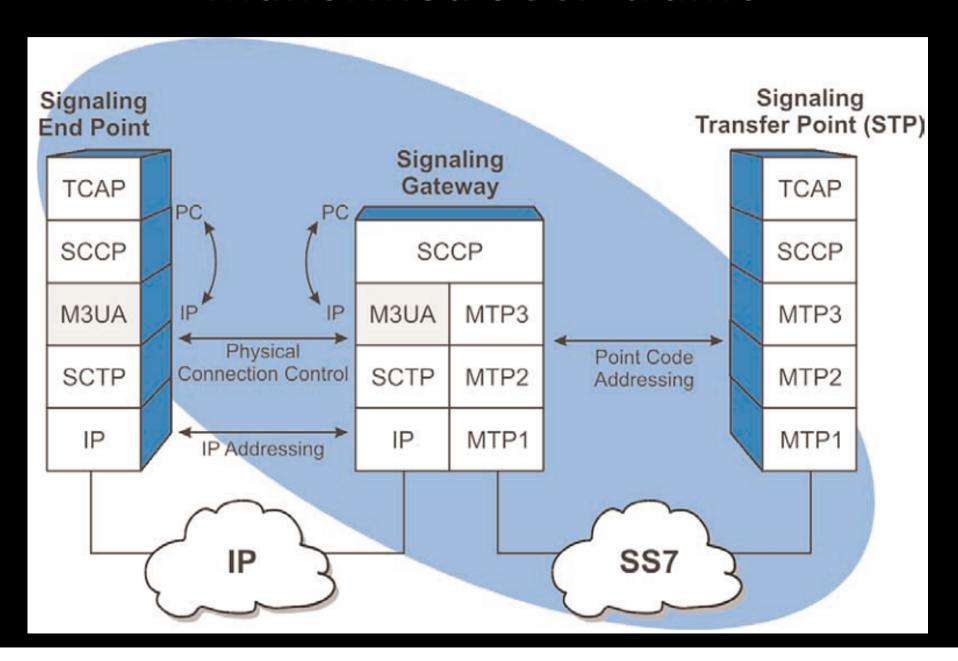


## HLR crash

- Investigated a few HLR crashes for Operators
  - When there was dispute with vendor
  - Vendor always try to keep it private with Operators
- Some Vendors billed Operators when HLR was not under maintenance contract anymore
  - Over 500,000 USD
  - "Typical in Telecom industry"
- We decided to investigate further into existing HLR software and crashes



# Malformed SCCP traffic



# Simple SCCP "append fuzz"



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# Vendor claims "Bug has been fixed"

- Right...
- Simple SS7 equivalent (over SCCP) of
  - "cat /dev/random | nc target.signaling.operator.com80"
  - Result: 2 crashes
- Evolved fuzzer
  - Supports SS7 TCAP protocol: 7 more crashes
  - Supports SS7 MAP protocol: 19 more crashes
- Vendor discussion

# One particular vendor discussion



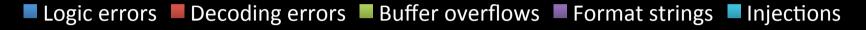
- Feels like talking to a big OS vendor in the 1990s
  - 1. "Who are you?"
  - 2. "Do you have a license for our product?"
  - 3. "What is fuzzing?"
  - 4. "Who authorized you to perform such fuzz testing?"
  - 5. "Send me the content of your harddrive, sources and emails"
  - 6. "We have already fuzzed our product using XYZ commercial fuzzer, you must be mistaken in your result"
  - 7. "We cannot reproduce"
- Silently fixes, push upgrades only to the reporting customer
- All this cost them nothing

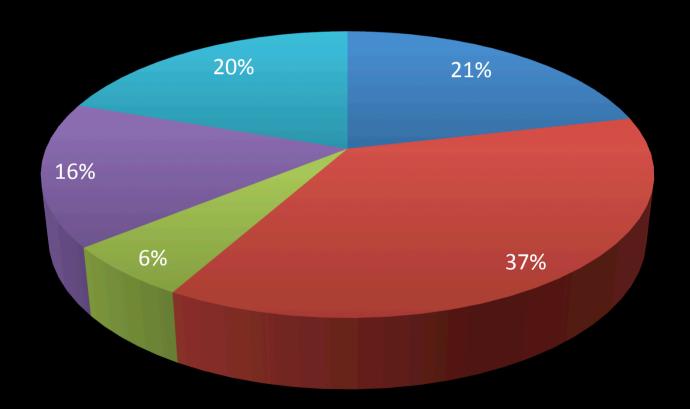
# "Production ^ Debug" HLR Crash

- Mutually exclusive
  - Run production
  - Be able to debug problems and crashes
- Origin of the crash
  - Debug possible, Core dump enabled
  - HLR process crashes
  - Nearly 100 Gb of process to dump to disk
  - Average time = 2mn
- Attack rate = cluster size \* 60 / crash time
  - = 12\*60/2 = 360 packets/hour = 6 packets/minutes

# Root causes of technical crashes P1 Security Priority One Security Priority One Security Page 1

## **Crashes**







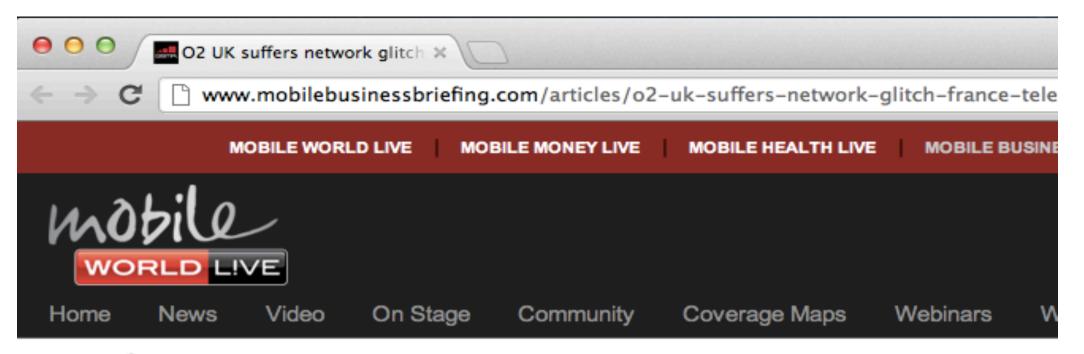
## Occurrence in the wild

- We see many NMS traces of crashes
- During pentest
  - Always a core on Unix-based Network Elements
  - Always log traces of crashes
  - Even specific directories filled with crashes traces, core files, HD dumps of crashed machines etc...
- Some information leaks sometime about network element crashes
- It hit the news only when it's network wide crash



## Occurrence in the news

- Rarely explained
  - Only if it is witnessed by all the subscribers
- Very cautious about admitting it in public
- Consequences
  - Loss of image
  - Governmental enquiries





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## O2 UK suffers network glitch; France Telecom outage down to software error

12 Jul 2012

O2 UK suffered from a network outage that affected a number of its customers for almost a day, while France Telecom said a similar issue on its network last week was caused by a software problem.

The O2 network issue, in which customers had difficulty making or receiving calls, sending texts or using data, was first identified early on Wednesday (yesterday) afternoon. The operator's Live Status Checker stated at 16:45 yesterday that its engineers were dealing with the problem as a priority.







gigaom.com/2012/07/13/why-are-mobile-networks-dropping-like-flies/







CLEANTECH

CLOUD

DATA **EUROPE**  MOBILE

VIDEO

Jul 13, 2012 - 2:15PM PT

## are mobile networks dropping like flies?

BY Kevin Fitchard









Last week, Orange France's mobile network tanked, knocking out the mobile phones of millions of subscribers. This week the same thing happened to O2 in the U.K. U.S. carriers like Verizon and T-Mobile aren't immune either. Global networks have developed a big signaling problem.



Updated. Last week, Orange France's mobile network tanked, knocking out the mobile phones of millions of subscribers. This week the same thing happened to O2 in the U.K. The U.S. isn't immune either. Just last week T-Mobile suffered from a smaller glitch, but the granddaddy of all network failures hit Verizon Wireless in December when its LTE network went down on three separate occasions in a single month.

Why are networks suddenly conking out all over

the world? It looks like global networks are developing a signaling problem - more specifically a signaling overload problem.

Instant search



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Just commented on: Rackspace breaks out block storage with disk and SSD options

> It's good to have the choice between high I/O SSDs for the likes...



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## Denial

- "The crash that you've shown is not a vulnerability because the network-wide crashes we suffered in our GSM and 3G network were caused by malformed traffic from a misconfigured equipment, not from an attacker"
- Spot the logic mistake here?
  - If the crash was not caused by attackers, then it's not a vulnerability
  - Ouch!
- That implies that vulnerabilities exist only if exploited?
  - Vulnerability ≠ Risk ≠ Threat



# Fake security feeling

- Crashes only
- No tracing of origin
- No proof of hacking
- When proof, cover up
- When exposed, say it's an internal problem only



# HLR signalling compromise

Operator	South East Asia MNO
Date	2011
Event	HLR compromised and eavesdropped, active customers record were stolen. HLR database, Ki, information leaked. Appeared on underground forums to be sold by chunk of 1,000 and 10,000.



# An example of Real vs. Fake in Telecom products

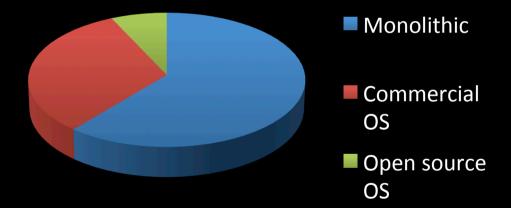


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# Bias in analysis of equipment vulnerability

- Accessibility of crashes based on OS
- High availability mated pairs and clusters "Shield" identification of crashes
- Silent crash and restart
  - No reporting in NMS
  - No accessible crash files
- Vendor-only notifications

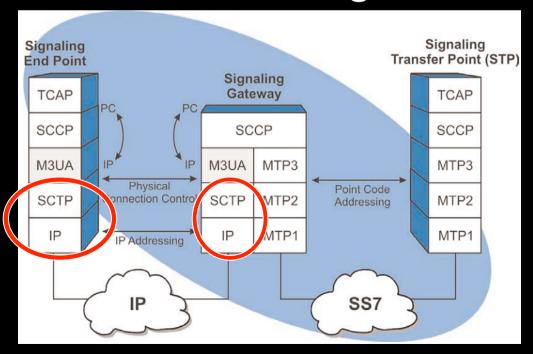
**Equipment types** 

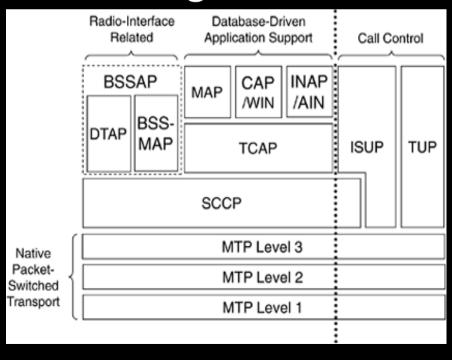


# Fuzzing coverage and illusions



- "We have already fuzzed our product using XYZ commercial fuzzer, you must be mistaken in your result"
- Fuzzer coverage
  - Need to reach higher protocols for more complex code path
- Commercial and generic fuzzers don't go that far





# About telecom software & equipment P1 Security Priority One Security Vulnerabilities

- Good
  - Built for redudant, high availability
- Bad
  - In a nice-people only network
  - Without thinking about attackers
  - Thinking only about fraud, not denial of service
  - Fuzzing with IP fuzzer
  - Not fuzzing higher-level protocols



## HLR Attack surface

- Legacy protocols (SCCP, TCAP, MAP)
- Diameter
- Billing interfaces
- Provisioning
- OAM
- Reporting interfaces
- Business, Datawarehousing, Marketing, Analytics
- Legal, Regulatory and Law Enforcement



# Reachability

- IP reachability
  - Extremely limited
  - Local to VLAN only
  - Segmented Signaling plane
- SCCP reachability
  - Worldwide
  - LDC operators are routinely compromised
  - Average time to intrusion in pentest: 2 weeks



# Filtering on SS7

- Also known as filtering
- Filtering on SSN nearly inexistant
  - Less than 5 operators are accurate in term of filtering
- No filtering on addresses
  - Impossible by protocol specification
- Indian Mobile Network Operator CTO
  - "Screening?"



# Feeling like the 1980s

- Slow vendor response
- Customer (Operators) don't get the vulnerability information
- Security through obscurity even still publicly acknowledged
- Patching boxes make them unsupported
- Lack of SDLC
- Only less than 10 actors (vendor and operator combined) are up to date in term of security





Legacy TDM	IP-centric / SIGTRAN 80% of networks	LTE 15% of networks
MTP1	Gigabit Ethernet	Gigabit Ethernet
MTP2	ARP	ARP
MTP3	IP	IP
SCCP	MPLS	MPLS
TCAP	BGP	BGP
MAP	IP	IP
	SCTP	SCTP
	M3UA	Diameter
	SCCP	MAP
	TCAP	
	MAP	



# Why is it not fixed?

- Was a lack of tools to show the problems
- Resistance in Operators
- Resistance in Vendors
- Resistance in Industry Association
- Lack of access to researchers (Network, equipment)
- Difficult trust in smaller vendor (big 5 only)
- Lack of support of government, national security projects



# Resistance of Operators

- Loss of image
- Email vs. SMS trust factor
- Public acceptance
- Inquiry of regulators
- India example
- Running Nessus on Telecom network is not Telecom Security
- Lack of knowledge due to Vendors



## Resistance of Vendors

- "Our turf only"
- IPR is their job security
- Outsourcing & TIO
- Even getting documentation is difficult for customers
- Know they are not doing SDLC right
- Know many existing tools are legacy-level

# Resistance of Industry Associations

- Tech focus or Legal focus
  - Look at the leader of some security groups
- Protect the image
- Barrier to entry for new tech
- Protection of the main vendors
- "Inbreeding" feeling
- "Ownership" of the security groups by vendors



# How to improve?

- External pentesting (SS7, IMS, LTE)
- Recognize the perimeter
- Open up industry association
- Use specific fuzzer
- Arrival of Open Source
- Pressure of Internet-based traffic
- Specific initiatives (TCERT)



## Conclusion

- Improvement in progress
- Only a few operators are current on security
- Vendors lagging, even preventing security



# Questions?



Philippe.Langlois@p1sec.com

# THANKS (WE'RE HIRING!:)